

Math Anxiety

When Anxiety Strikes

If you are under stress or feeling anxious, such as during a test, your body secretes **adrenaline** into your system. Adrenaline in the brain blocks connections between neurons. In other words, you can't think! If you've ever experienced "blanking out" on a test, you know what adrenaline does.

Where Does Math Anxiety Come From and What Is It?

- Negative experiences in working with teachers, tutors, classmates, parents or siblings.
- Stress or a personal problem that was going on while learning a concept.
- Math anxiety is an emotional reaction to mathematics based on a past unpleasant experience which harms future learning. A good experience learning mathematics can overcome these past feelings and success and future achievement in math can be attained.
- Math anxiety is a type of fear, a learned emotion you weren't born with it
- Math anxiety is fear from participating in a math class, listening to a lecture, working through math problems, discussing mathematics

Three Types of Math Anxiety

Students can have one, two or all three of the following anxieties:

- 1. **Math test anxiety:** involves anticipation of, completion of, and feedback from math tests
- 2. **Numerical anxiety:** refers to everyday situations that require numbers and arithmetic calculations
- 3. **Abstraction anxiety:** involves working with variables and mathematical concepts used to solve equations

Symptoms of Math Anxiety

PANIC – feeling of helplessness, like a brick wall has come down and you can never do better and have reached your limit

PARANOIA – feeling that everyone else knows the answer except you

PASSIVE – attitude that either you have a math mind or you don't and nothing can be done about it to become better in math, so you sit back and don't take action

LACK OF CONFIDENCE – you don't trust your intuition; you rely on memorizing rules instead of understanding the concepts



Student Testimonials -- You are not alone!

- When I see a math problem, my mind goes completely blank. I feel stupid, and I can't remember how to do even the simplest things.
- I've hated math ever since I was nine years old, when my father grounded me for a week because I couldn't learn my multiplication tables.
- In math, there's always one right answer, and if you can't find it you've failed. That makes me crazy.
- Math exams terrify me. My palms get sweaty, I breathe too fast, and often I can't even make my eyes focus on the paper. It's worse if I look around, because I'd see everybody else working, and know that I'm the only one who can't do it.
- I've never been successful in any math class I've ever taken. I never understand what the teacher is saying, so my mind just wanders.
- Some people can do math not me!

Math Is Different!

- Requires different study processes you have to learn it, understand it, and apply it to do the problems.
- A linear process the skills you learn one day are used as the basis for the next topic.
- Much like a foreign language must be practiced every day.
- Different in a college than in high school you do not meet the class every day, and what was covered in a year in high school is now covered in 14 weeks.

Some Facts to Remember

- Math anxiety is usually a result of past experiences that were negative. As a result of these experiences, any time a person is put in a similar situation, he or she gets anxious.
- Math anxiety is not related to how smart a person is.
- Math anxiety is a learned condition; therefore in most cases, it can be unlearned or at least managed.
- A person must be willing to change and find strategies to practice continually that will help manage math anxiety.

Ways to Reduce Math Anxiety

- 1. Realize that you are not alone!
- 2. Admit it! Once you recognize that you have math anxiety, you can start to overcome it.
- 3. Become aware of where your math anxiety began.
- 4. Recognize your self-defeating talk and correct it to a more positive talk. "Talk" mathematics.
- 5. Try to avoid teachers/tutors/peer/family who aren't helpful or supportive.



- 6. Trust your instincts and don't put down your approaches to a math problem. Do math in a way that is comfortable for you. Remember there is usually more than one way to do a math problem.
- 7. Ask questions. This is the way towards better understanding. Besides, other students will be glad you asked. Keep in mind there's no such thing as a stupid question.
- 8. Know the basics. Go back and review concepts from an earlier math course.
- 9. Consider math a foreign language -- it must be practiced.
- 10. Don't rely on memorization to study mathematics. Try to understand the concept. If you are anxious, your memory is the first to go.
- 11. Don't put off math until the last minute. It's better if you do a little math every day build it into your schedule.
- 12. Read your math text, follow the examples and explanations.
- 13. Decide what type of study environment works best for you (quiet place at a table, or music in the background in a comfortable chair, etc.) Be relaxed and comfortable while studying math.
- 14. Take breaks. Don't work for hours on end. Sometimes it's best to walk away from a problem and come back to it later.
- 15. Study math according to your learning style.
- 16. Get help the same day you don't understand. If you are having difficulty, seek help as quickly as possible from your instructor, Math Lab, the Tutoring Center, or fellow students.
- 17. Develop responsibility for your own successes and failures.
- 18. Don't pressure yourself. Take pride in the strides you do make. Math anxiety is not cured in a day. It's a slow process.
- 19. Make an appointment with your math instructor before your first test to discuss your math history and anxiety, and ask for suggestions.
- 20. Email questions to your instructor if you feel uncomfortable asking in class.